AN OVERVIEW OF THE WOOD PRODUCT IMPORT SECTOR IN THE UNITED STATES WITH AN EMPHASIS ON OPPORTUNITIES FOR SRI LANKAN EXPORTERS

MS Thesis Defense

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Outline

- Overview of U.S. Wood Product Imports and Sri Lanka exports
- Study Objectives
- The Studies
 - U.S. Wood Product Importers
 - Sri Lanka Wood Product Exporters
- Conclusion and Discussion

Introduction

- Growing demand for wood has exerted pressure on global primary old growth forests.
- Alternatives:
 - Secondary timber resources
 - Forest plantations
 - Imports
- Rapid increase in domestic wood demand has driven some nations from being net exporters of wood to becoming net importers.
- These global developments have intensified the need for cross-boundary trade of wood products.

The U.S. wood product import market

- Leading global wood product importer.
- Currently a small consumer of tropical hardwoods.
- Markets for tropical wood products will increase in the future.
- The trend towards higher demand of pre-finished products will create opportunities for suppliers that can provide high quality tropical wood products.

The U.S. wood product import market

- Tropical timber imports/trade in the U.S. is highly fragmented: Even small to medium scale export manufacturers can thrive on these opportunities.
- Design and quality of wood products are means of maintaining or increasing market share.

Sri Lanka wood product sector

- Sri Lanka's wood product manufacturing sector is characterized by low volume producers, inefficient production, and quality products.
- The wood-based manufacturing sector consists of a variety of industries including:
 - lumber, furniture, parquet flooring, wood-based panel products and carvings/crafts.
- The sector depends almost entirely on local wood supply for raw materials.

Sri Lanka wood product sector

- There are over 9,000 furniture and other woodworking manufacturers in Sri Lanka with an estimated employment of 28,000.
- These firms predominantly supply their products to the domestic market.
- 60 manufacturers target export markets.

The studies

Market structure, behaviors and perceptions related to forest certification for:

- 1. U.S. wood product import market
- 2. Sri Lanka wood product export market

Objectives

- Characterize the structure of the U.S. wood product import market.
- Explore demand factors and opportunities for international exporters selling into the U.S. market.
- 3. Identify the status and perceived barriers for exporting wood products from Sri Lanka.
- Identify U.S. importer and Sri Lankan exporter perceptions towards forest certification.

Study 1

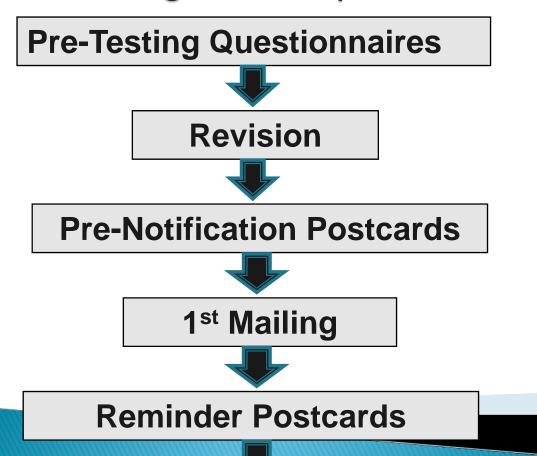
U.S. Wood Product Importers







Methodology-Mail Surveys Tailored Design Method (Dillman 2000)



Second Mailing to Non-Respondents

Response rate

Sample frame:

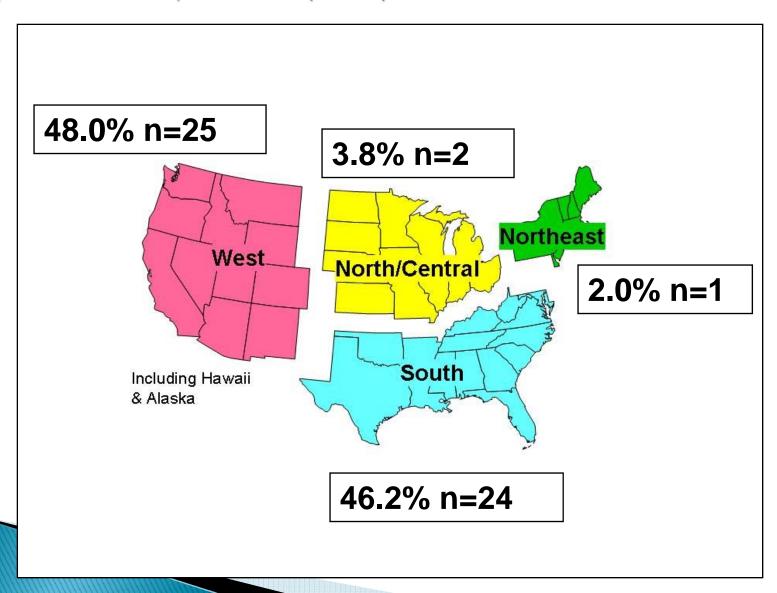
Census of 158 US wood products importers listed in 2006 (Buyers and Sellers Directory of the Forest Products Industry, 2007)

Adjusted $R_{rate} = 40.6 \%$

U.S. wood product importers

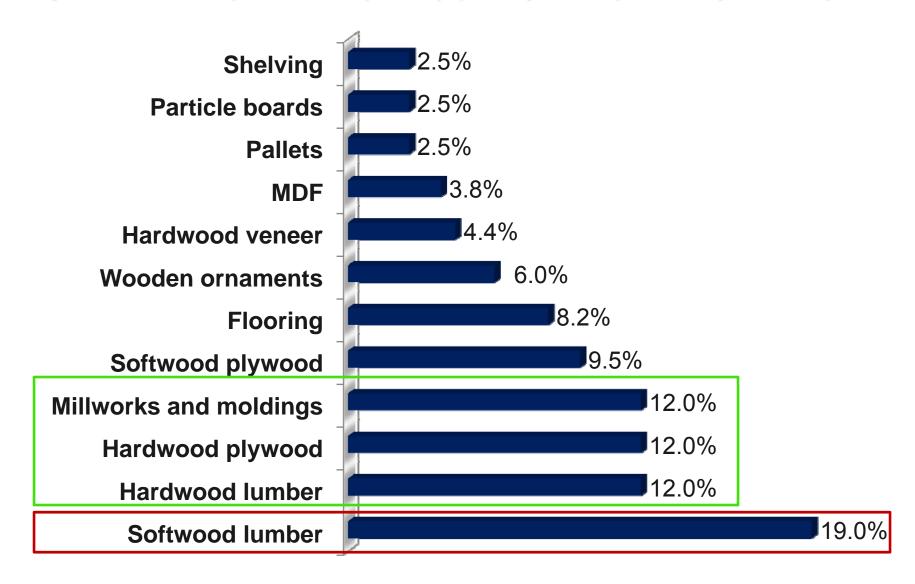
Distribution of respondent corporate locations

percent of respondents (n=52)



Wood products imported by respondents

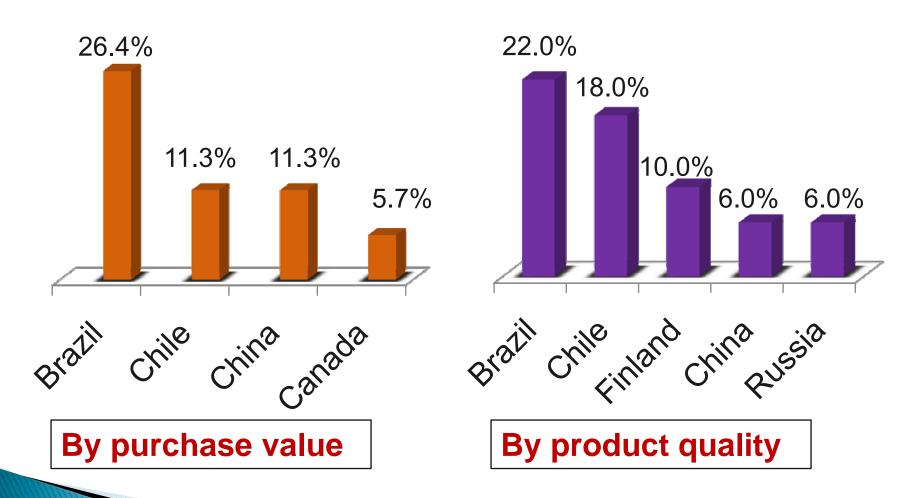
percent of respondents (n=54) (multiple responses possible)



U.S. wood product importers

Major export partner countries (2006)

percent of respondents (n=54)



U.S. wood product importers

Grouping of Respondent Companies (Cluster analysis)

Variable	Scale	Minimum	Maximum
Total number of employees	1- 6	1-10 employees	More than 500 employees
Total gross sales	1- 9	\$0-\$5 million	More than \$ 1 billion
Number of containers imported	1- 4	1-25 containers	More than 10 containers
Percentage of sales from imports	1- 10	1%-9%	90-100%

U.S. wood product importers

Grouping of Respondent Companies (Cluster analysis)

Group		Number of employees	Total gross sales	Number of containers imported	Percent of sales from imports
1	Mean	1.31	1.46	2.23	3.69
	N	13	13	13	13
2	Mean	4.29	5.21	3.57	3.14
	N	14	14	14	14
3	Mean	1.32	2.08	3	9.4
	N	25	25	25	25

^{*}Differences between clusters are significant at $\alpha = 0.05$ significance level

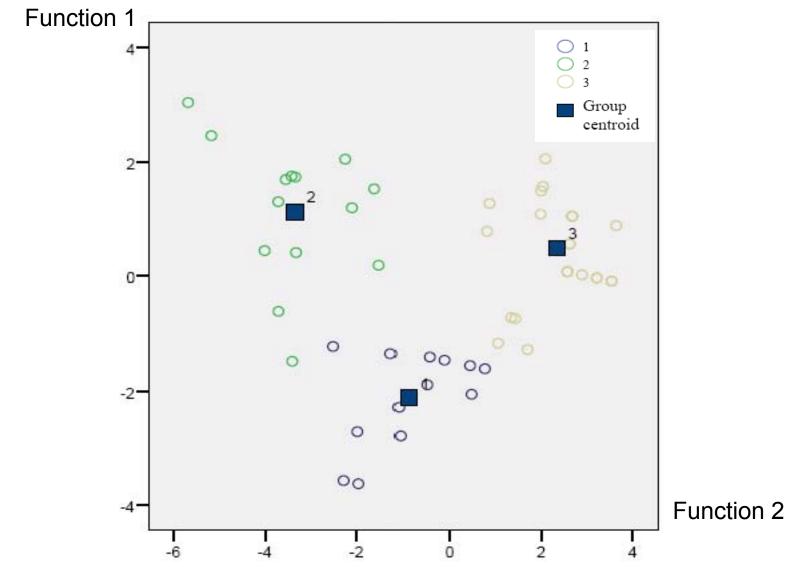
Cluster profile: Market segments

Cluster 1 :Small to medium scale but <u>moderate</u> <u>importers</u>

Cluster 2: Medium to large scale but minor importers

Cluster 3: Small to medium scale but <u>major</u> <u>importers</u>

Distinct market segments

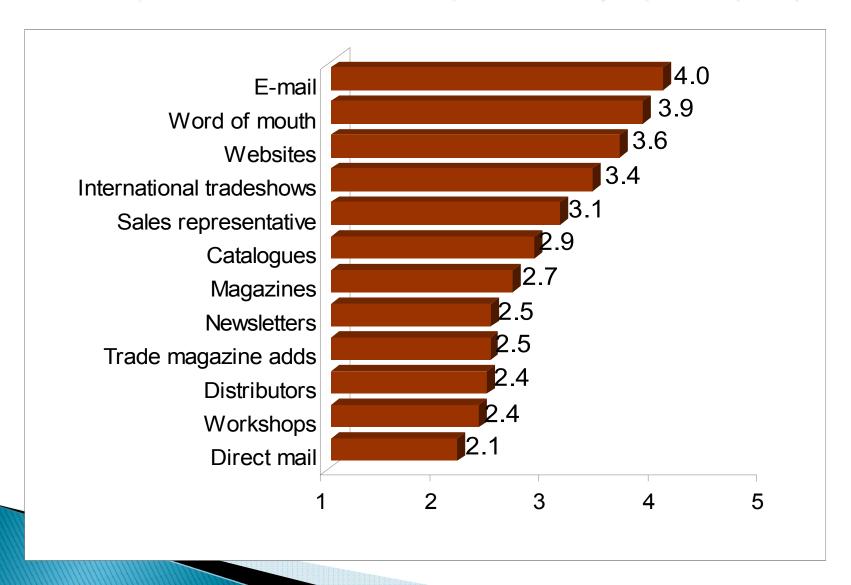


Function 1: percentage of sales from imports

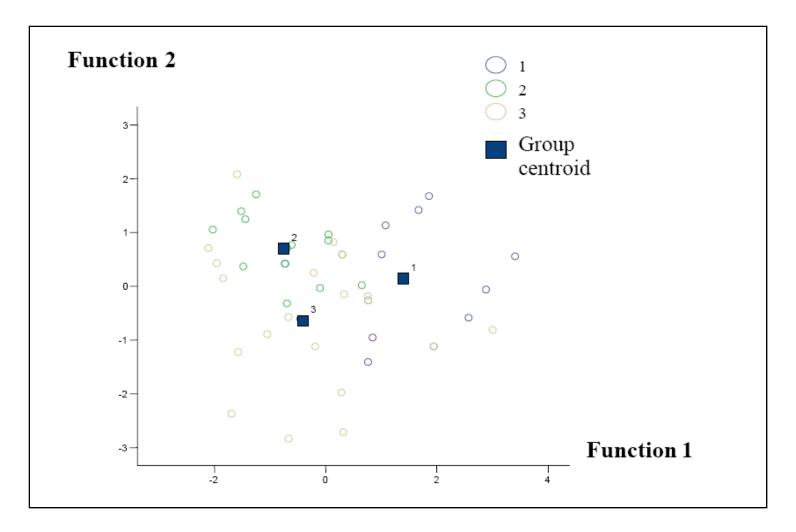
Function 2: total gross sales, number of employee, number of containers import

Sources of information

Scale: 1=not important at all; 3=somewhat important; 5=very important, (n=54)



Foreign supplier selection criteria by company grouping

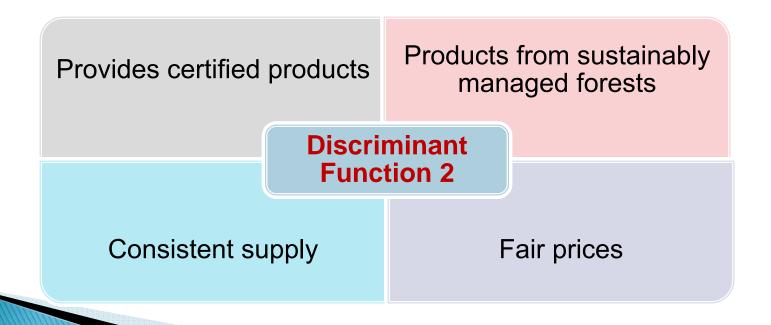


Function 1:supplier speaks English, knowledgeable sales people

Function 2:provides certified products, products from sustainable managed forests, consistent supply, fair prices

Foreign supplier selection criteria by company grouping

Function 2 separates group 1 (small to medium scale but moderate importers) from group 2 (medium to large scale but minor importers) & group 3 (small to medium scale but major importers).

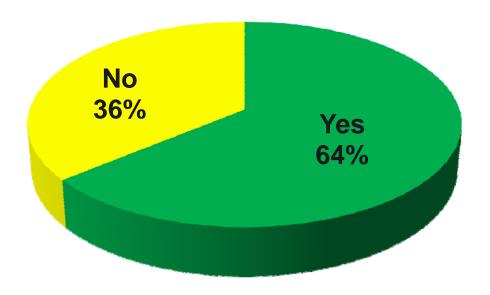


U.S. Wood product importers Foreign supplier selection factors (Factor analysis)

Variable	Factor				
	Certification and marketing	Product attributes	Client contact	Quality / product supply	Timber species and supplier reputation
Products from sustainable managed forests	0.893	-0.041	0.089	0.151	0.058
Ability to provide certified products	0.837	0.263	-0.029	-0.018	-0.002
Uniqueness	0.614	0.365	0.446	-0.055	0.273
Distribution capabilities	0.555	0.445	0.269	0.178	0.162
Marketing skills	0.508	0.434	0.504	-0.029	0.147
Warranty	0.096	0.852	0.034	0.160	-0.003
Design	0.300	0.712	0.062	-0.058	0.330
Fast delivery	0.330	0.546	0.168	0.362	0.071
Supplier speaks English	0.024	0.089	0.844	-0.156	0.086
Long term customer relationship	-0.007	-0.356	0.738	0.154	0.290
Computer capabilities	0.262	0.277	0.713	0.178	0.055
On time delivery	0.000	0.110	0.052	0.897	-0.043
Quality	0.235	-0.031	-0.124	0.730	0.330
Consistent supply	-0.033	0.184	0.214	0.625	0.139
Products from traditional species	0.054	-0.085	0.273	0.012	0.820
Supplier reputation	-0.026	0.163	-0.088	0.288	0.644
Products from lesser used species	0.142	0.296	0.372	-0.046	0.579
Fast response to my inquiries	0.187	0.323	0.007	0.260	0.540

U.S. Wood product importers **Forest certification**

Does you company currently import certified wood products?



Q1: Certified products can help my company reach diversified markets.

Q2: Certified products can capture price premiums.

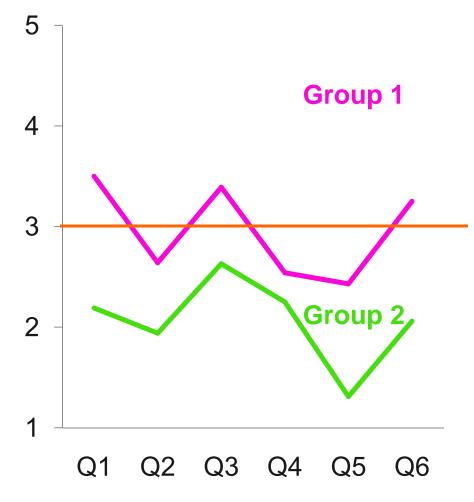
Q3: Certified products help to protect the environment.

Q4: I would like to get information about certification.

Q5: I would pay a premium for certified products.

Q6: If available, I would seek out certified wood products.

U.S. wood product importers



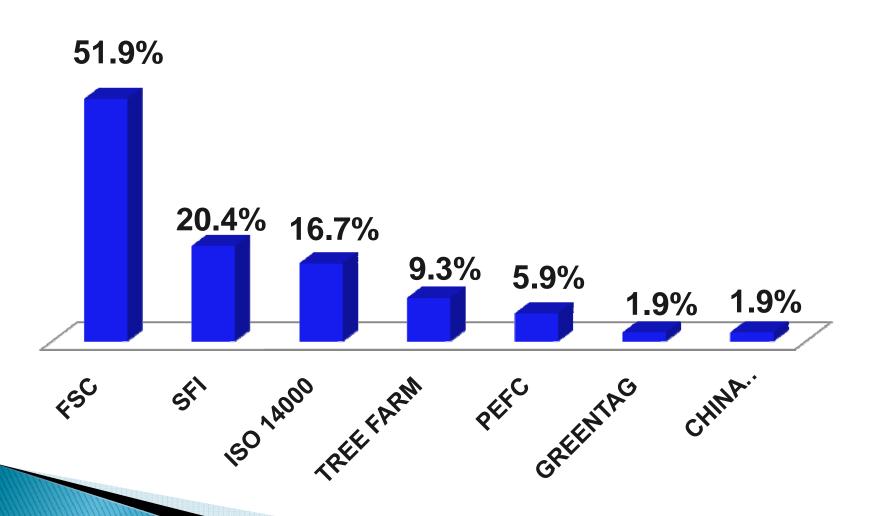
Group 1:Certified wood product importers
Group 2:Non-certified wood product importers

Comparison of perceptions towards forest certification between Group 1 and Group 2

- *Q1: Certified products can help my company reach diversified markets.
- *Q2: Certified products can capture price premiums.
- *Q3: Certified products help to protect the environment.
- Q4: I would like to get information about certification.
- *Q5: I would pay a premium for certified products.
- *Q6: If available, I would seek out certified wood products.
- * Mann Whitney statistics : P-value is significant at α =0.05 significance

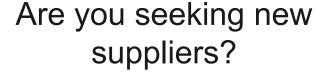
Accepted certification programs

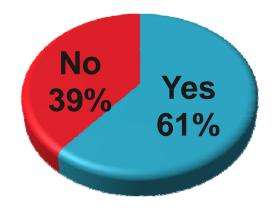
percent of respondents (n=54) (multiple responses possible)

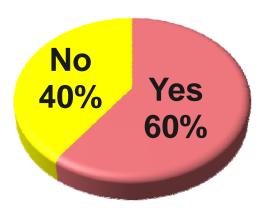


U.S. Wood product importers Opportunities for Sri Lankan exporters

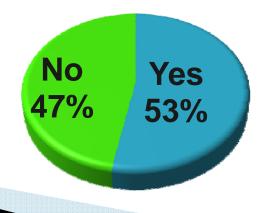
Would you like to receive information about Sri Lanka wood products?







Do you plan to diversify the wood products you import in the next 5 years?



Study 2

Sri Lanka wood product exporters





Sri Lanka wood product exporters Methodology-Personal interviews

Pre-Testing Questionnaires



Revision



Pre-Notification Postcards



Follow Up Phone Calls



Personal interviews

Sri Lanka wood product exporters

Response rate

Sample frame:

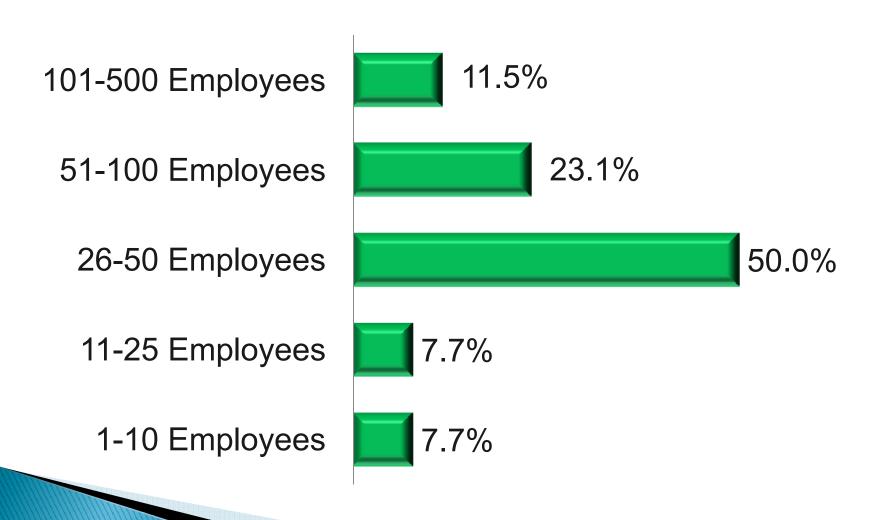
All 60 registered wood product exporters in 2006.(Export Development of Board of Sri Lanka, 2007)

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R <sub>rate</sub> = <u>Usable responses</u>
Total sample – nonusable responses
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$$R_{rate} = 43.4\%$$

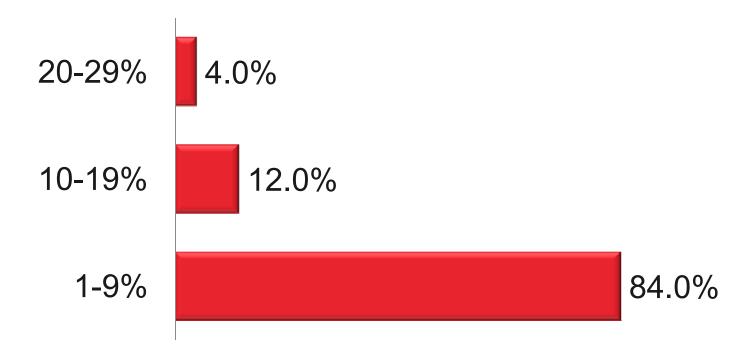
Sri Lanka wood product exporters Number of employees

Percent of respondents (n= 26)

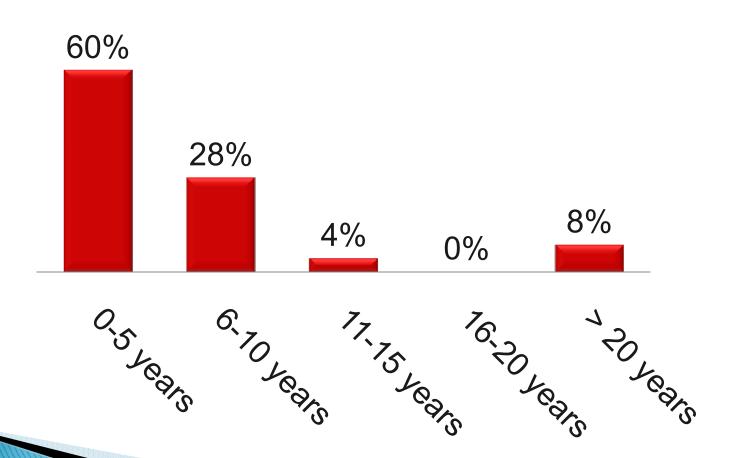


Sri Lanka wood product export Percent of sales from exports in 2006

Percent of respondents (n= 26)

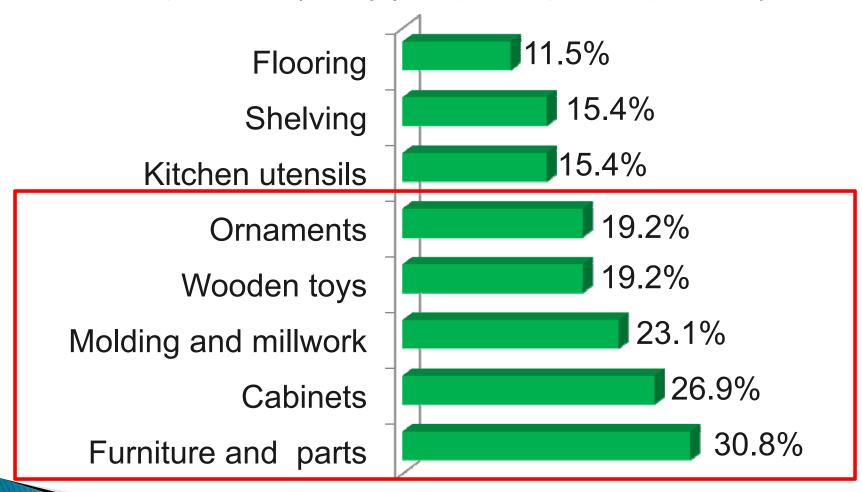


Sri Lanka wood and wood product exporters Company experience with exporting-number of years percent of respondents (n= 26)



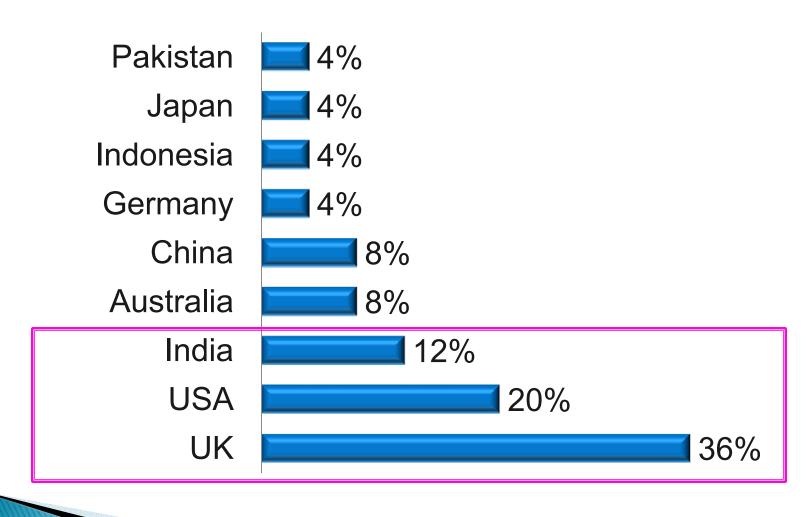
Sri Lanka wood product exporters Wood Products exported by respondents

percent of respondents (n=26) (multiple responses possible)



Sri Lanka wood product exporters Importer partner countries

percent of respondents (n=26) (multiple responses possible)



Sri Lanka wood product exporters Marketing efforts percent of respondents (n=26)

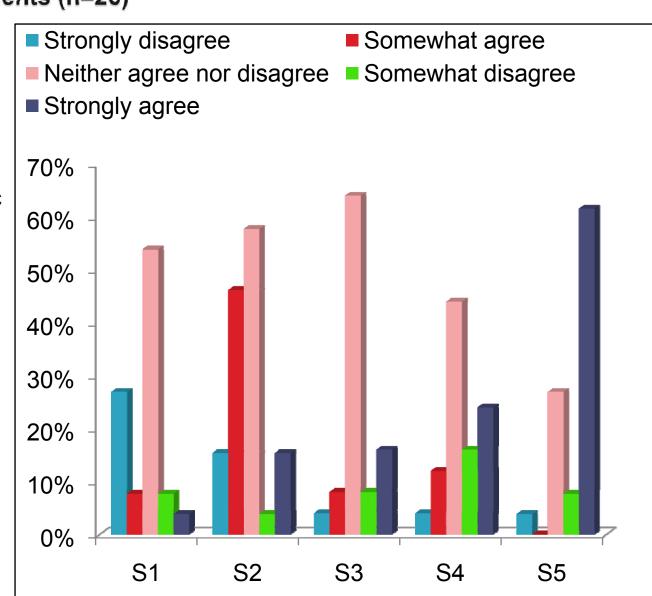
S1 - doing market research prior to introduction of their products

S2 - having a strategic plan for wood product exporting

S3 - understanding competitor strengths and weaknesses

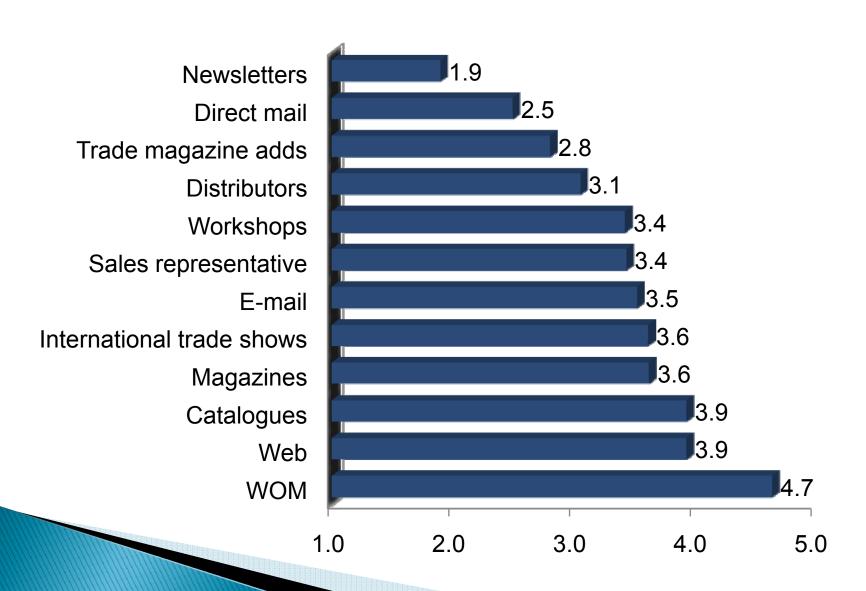
S4 - prepare a marketing plan

S5 - targeting specific markets



Sri Lanka wood product exporters Sources of market information

Mean values of scale: 1=not important at all; 2=somewhat important; 3=very important, (n=26)



Sri Lanka wood product exporters Certification issues percent of respondents (n=26)

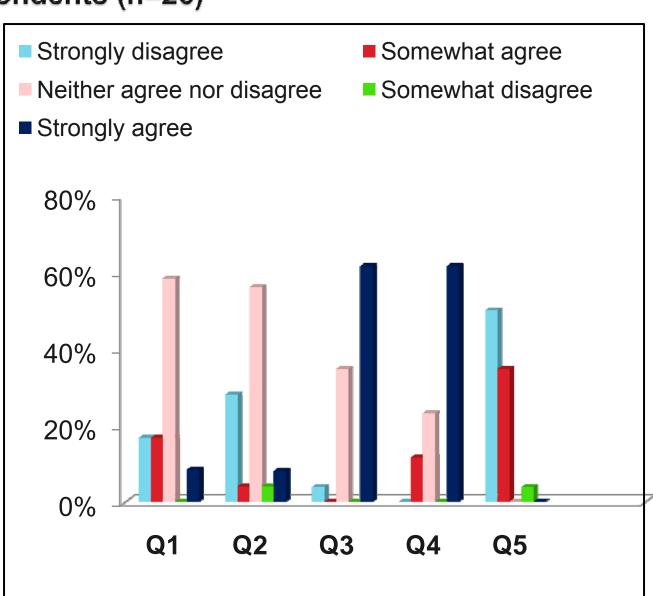
Q1 - Certified products can help my company reach diversified markets

Q2 - Certified products can capture price premiums

Q3 - Certified products help to protect environment

Q4 - I would like to get information about forest certification

Q5 - I would incur an extra cost to certify my wood products



Sri Lanka wood product exporters

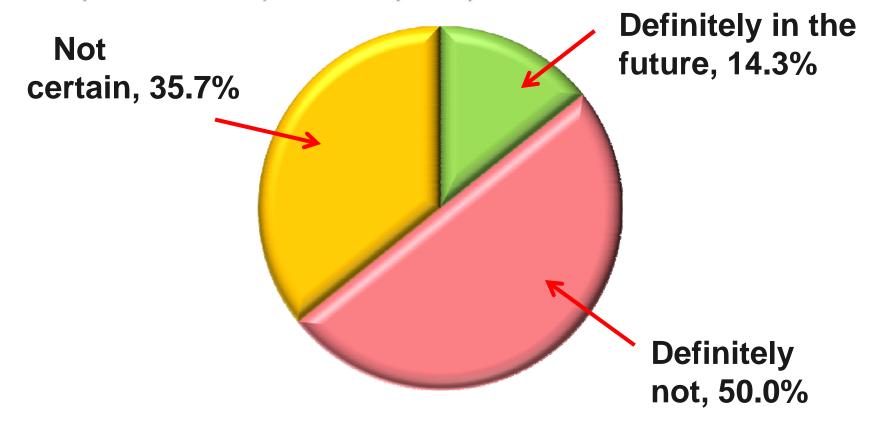
Export limitations

Mean values of Scale: 1= Strongly disagree; 3= Neither agree nor disagree; 5= Strongly agree

ı	Lack of flexible forest policy regulations	4.0
ı	Research findings are not readily available	4.0
	Lack of policies to encourage existing investments	4.1
	Lack of policies to encourage new investments	4.1
	High export duties/ tariff	4.8
	Difficulty in meeting delivery schedules	4.0
	Lack of information on buyers	4.4
Γ	Lack of production technology	4.5
	Lack of skilled labor	4.8
Ī	Inadequate and inefficient sea cargo transportation	4.4
	Inefficient custom procedures	4.8
	High shipping/handling cost	4.9 5.0
	Bad transportation infrastructure	5.0

Sri Lanka wood product exporters
Future exports to the U.S. for respondents not currently
doing so

percent of respondents (n=14)



^{* 38.4 %} of respondents are currently exporting to the U.S. market

- Three market segments in U.S.:
 - Small to medium scale but moderate importers
 - Medium to large scale but minor importers
 - Small to medium scale but major importers

Exporters can tailor marketing strategies and plans to target market segments.

Most important buyer selection factors for U.S. wood product importers: Certification and marketing, product attributes, client contact, quality products supply, and timber species and supplier reputation

Exporters should focus on selected factors to penetrate or maintain presence in the U.S. market.

Word of mouth, e-mail, and web sites are the most used sources of information for U.S. importers. Suppliers should take develop relationships and use Internet technologies to effectively convey product

information to U.S buyers/importers.

- Most popular certification programs for U.S. importers are FSC, SFI, and ISO 14000.
 - If wood products exporters wish to exploit U.S. certified wood products markets, they should gain an understanding of these programs.

Both U.S. and Sri Lanka respondents are unlikely to pay a cost for certification. Neither importers nor exporters agree that certified products can capture price premiums.

Need to bring down the cost of certification or make certification profitable.

Wooden toys are a major exported product from Sri Lanka.

Lead contaminated toys has become a serious issue in U.S. particularly for products from China. This can be an opportunity for Sri Lanka exporters to export certified lead-free wooden toys.

- Sri Lanka respondents was interested in receiving more information about forest certification.
 Need for outreach and extension, build awareness about certification.
- Major limiting factors for Sri Lanka wood product export expansion: Inefficient internal and external transportation, lack of supportive government policies and lengthy custom procedure, lack of experienced labor, old production technology, and difficulty meeting buyer required delivery schedules.

Government institutions could play an expanded role in supporting industry export development.

- Sri Lankan respondents were interested in exporting their products to the U.S. in the future.
- U.S. importers are seeking new suppliers and would like to obtain information about Sri Lanka wood products.
- Half of U.S. respondents are intending to diversify their import product mix in the next 5 years.
 - These findings suggest that there is an opportunity for Sri Lanka exporters to take advantage of new markets in the U.S.

Acknowledgements

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Questions?

