



2 February 2022

SENT TO LSU AGCENTER/LOUISIANA FOREST PRODUCTS DEVELOPMENT CENTER - FOREST SECTOR / FORESTY PRODUCTS INTEREST GROUP

Thanks to Florian Steierer, Economic Affairs Officer, Secretariat, UNECE/FAO Joint Forestry and Timber Section-composed of staff from both UNECE and FAO

May I point out that the article is more than a year old and that the EU is already taking measures?

https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/IP 22 410

Cheers,

Florian



## Russia plans to implement log export ban by 2022

Softwood log exports from Russia have been in steady decline for the past 15 years and could reach zero in 2022 if President Putin's new log export ban is implemented

November 16, 2020

By Wood Resources International LLC

In a recent statement, Russian president Vladimir Putin ordered the government to strictly control the exportation of roundwood and low-value forest products, and to clamp down on the illegal trade of logs (in his terms: "hard-hitting decriminalization of the industry").

He also requested a "complete ban on shipments of unprocessed or roughly processed conifer and valuable hardwood out of Russia by January 1, 2022."

This statement would indicate that lower-value hardwood logs, such as birch pulp logs exported to Finland, may be excluded from the future export ban.

To encourage domestic processing of Russian timber, Putin also wants to implement a government program of subsidized loans for investing in wood processing facilities, primarily in Siberia and Russia's Far East, targeting the growing wood markets in Asia.



2 February 2022



## SENT TO LSU AGCENTER/LOUISIANA FOREST PRODUCTS DEVELOPMENT CENTER - FOREST SECTOR / FORESTY PRODUCTS INTEREST GROUP

These industry loans would be available for facilities producing lumber and panels, and pellet manufacturers which predominantly use small-diameter logs for their wood furnish.

If the log ban is enacted, it will be the end of Russia's long-lasting role as one of the world's largest exporter of softwood logs. Over many decades, the country exported large volumes of wood rawmaterial, predominantly to forest products manufacturers in Asia and Europe.

Softwood log export volumes peaked at 37 million m<sup>3</sup> in 2006, but when log export tariffs were implemented in 2008, shipments fell dramatically and were down to only 8.5 million m<sup>3</sup> in 2019.

This year, the decline has continued and only an estimated six million m<sup>3</sup> is likely to be exported, according to the Wood Resource Quarterly. A majority of the shipments have gone to China (about 75 per cent) and Finland (10 per cent) in the first half of 2020.

Russian hardwood log exports have fluctuated between 7-8 million m<sup>3</sup> the past five years but are likely to fall in the next two years if higher-value logs such as oak and ash are banned for exports.

China has sourced about 10-12 million m<sup>3</sup> of softwood and hardwood logs annually from Russia for the past five years. Subsequently, the log export ban will substantially impact the future sourcing of both wood raw-material and processed products to China, a potentially troublesome scenario due to their outlook for increased consumption of forest products.

The Wood Resource Quarterly (WRQ) is a 70-page report, established in 1988 and has subscribers in over 30 countries. The publication tracks prices for sawlog, pulpwood, lumber and pellets worldwide and reports on trade and wood market developments in most key regions globally. For more insights on the latest international forest product market trends, please go to <u>www.WoodPrices.com</u>.

\_\_\_\_\_

Richard P. Vlosky, Ph.D. *Director, Louisiana Forest Products Development Center Crosby Land & Resources Endowed Professor of Forest Sector Business Development* Room 227, School of Renewable Natural Resources Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, LA 70803 Phone (office): (225) 578-4527; Fax: (225) 578-4251; Mobile Phone: (225) 223-1931 Web Site: www.LFPDC.lsu.edu



